

# HEALTH PROMISES SUMMARY

## ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION

### CLIMATE HARMS

25% of heat-trapping pollution and 61% of electricity come from fossil fuels, mostly from the use of natural gas and coal.

### HEALTH HARMS

Burning fossil fuels for electricity exposes people to air pollution and toxic chemicals leading to:

- Cardiovascular, respiratory and other causes of early death.
- Neurodevelopmental delay, prematurity, low birth weight, attention deficit disorders and autism in babies and children.

### HEALTH BENEFITS

Switching to renewable energy will:

- Rapidly help clean our air and water.
- Reduce illness, health care costs and early deaths.
- Produce more affordable electricity.
- Create more secure, well-paying jobs, which is an important determinant of health.

### HEALTH AND EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Stop investing in electricity produced by fossil fuels.
- Invest in and support clean, non-combustion renewable energy.
- Make the transition fair to everyone – including those who have been harmed most and those whose livelihoods depend on fossil fuel production.

## TRANSPORTATION

### CLIMATE HARMS

29% of heat-trapping pollution.

### HEALTH HARMS

Burning fossil fuels for transportation exposes people to air pollution and toxic chemicals leading to:

- Cardiovascular, respiratory and other causes of early death.
- Neurodevelopmental delay, prematurity, low birth weight, attention deficit disorders and autism in babies and children.

Car-centered transportation leads to sedentary lifestyles which contribute to obesity, diabetes and heart disease and increased stress from noise and traffic congestion.

### HEALTH BENEFITS

Switching to “low and no” emission vehicles and supporting active transportation alternatives will lead to improved health by:

- Reducing exposure to air pollution;
- Increasing physical activity and reducing obesity;
- Decreasing stress.

### HEALTH AND EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Invest in increased active and public transportation and other non-polluting ways to get places – walking, cycling and wheeling.
- Make things easier for non-drivers.
- Electrify all possible sources of transportation, including cars, trucks, buses, trains and ships.
- Address inequities of those who have lived with unfair exposure to the pollution, such as from roads and highways.

## BUILDINGS AND HOMES

### CLIMATE HARMS

Commercial and residential buildings are responsible for 13% of heat-trapping pollution.

### HEALTH HARMS

Use of energy-inefficient building materials and designs, and fossil-fuel for cooking, heating and cooling increases indoor and outdoor air pollution, and harms health.

### HEALTH BENEFITS

Available, affordable approaches to designing, building and retrofitting homes and commercial buildings improve health by reducing exposure to indoor and outdoor air pollution.

### HEALTH AND EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Expand programs like the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) to reduce the cost of energy for low-income households.
- Support community resilience hubs that coordinate services and increase social cohesion in response to extreme weather events.
- Provide tax incentives to support switching to appliances that don't depend on fossil fuels. Invest in "cool" buildings that reduce the "heat island" effect.
- Address the "big picture" issue of the overall lack of affordable housing.

## COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENTS

### CLIMATE HARMS

Climate change increases health harms in communities and neighborhoods due to:

- Increased exposure to heat and humidity which can harm health directly and indirectly by exacerbating chronic illnesses (e.g., asthma, lung and heart conditions);
- Increased exposure to health and safety harms of flooding from heavy downpours, extreme weather events and sea-level rise.

### HEALTH BENEFITS

- Planting trees, and increasing greenspace combats the "urban heat island" effect and the health harms of exposure to extreme heat.
- Creating green infrastructure (e.g., retention ponds, permeable pavements) reduces health and safety risks of stormwater runoff, flooding and water shortages.
- Providing spaces for recreation, relaxation and social engagement can improve mental health, increase physical activity.

### HEALTH AND EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Create more community greenspaces in communities that lack them. Over 100 million Americans do not have greenspace within 10 minutes of their homes.
- Assure that everyone has access to clean and affordable drinking water and sanitation services.
- Ensure that our drinking water, wastewater and stormwater infrastructure are adequate to meet the rising threats of climate change.
- Focus on addressing inequities. For example, the hottest neighborhoods with the greatest "heat island" effects are those which suffered from discriminatory "redlining" practices.

## FOOD AND FOOD SYSTEMS

### CLIMATE HARMS

Food production is responsible for **10%** of heat-trapping pollution (GHG emissions).

### HEALTH HARMS

Climate change threatens the safety, nutritional value and adequacy of the food supply due to:

- Increased flooding which leads to increased food and water contamination.
- Increased droughts, heat and floods leading to reduced livestock and ground crops.
- Increased runoff of fertilizers leading to reduced harvests of fish and shellfish.

### HEALTH BENEFITS

- Policies promoting more plant-based diets can reduce emissions and improve health.
- Climate-smart “regenerative” agricultural practices reduce emissions, runoff of fertilizer, and can improve nutrition.
- Reducing food waste and food loss will reduce emissions and make food more affordable.

### HEALTH AND EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Reduce the exposure to toxic emissions and pollution of families living or going to school near industrial farming operations.
- Reduce the exposure of agricultural workers and their families to pesticides.
- Take steps to protect fish habitats and support adaptation efforts of indigenous communities that traditionally rely on hunting, fishing and subsistence farming.
- Increase access to affordable, healthy foods by eliminating “food deserts”, eliminating food insecurity and supporting adaptation efforts of indigenous communities.



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